3000 Series Update

3000/4000 Series **P2789** Diagnostics and Solenoid Valve Body Improvements





Prognostics Transhealth Monitor. Description

How can the TCM (<u>Transmission Control Module</u>) calculate "percent clutch life remaining"?

The transmission controller (TCM) does calculate the "percent clutch life remaining" by observing the duration of time how long it must activate a solenoid **for "clutch fill**", until "synchronous speed" is detected during a shift.

The TCM observes the time (milli-seconds) and the current (milli-ampere) of a solenoid activation.

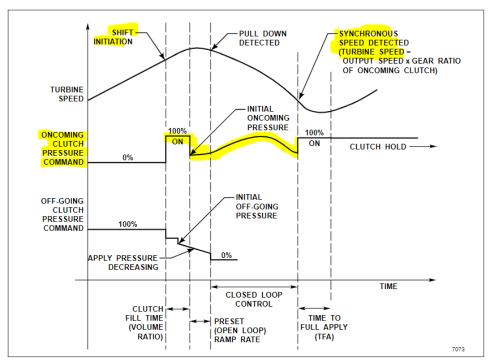


Figure 3-6. Automatic Clutch Application Control



Prognostics Transhealth Monitor. Description (Cont.)

When will the Transmission Health Monitor (TM) wrench icon illuminate? The Transmission Health Monitor (TM) is part of the Allison Control System Prognostics package. If the free-running-clearance of any clutch exceeds its maximum value, then the TRANS SERVICE indicator (= wrench icon on Allison shift selector) illuminates, informing the operator that there is a need for service.



- The wrench icon stays illuminated during vehicle operation until clutch system service is performed and the TM function <u>can reset itself</u> with the new predicted values. Allison DOC may also be used to reset the TM function in the Action Request screen.
- When will DTC P2789 come active?
 If the TM function is not reset within several ignition cycles of illuminating the
 TRANS SERVICE indicator, then the CHECK TRANS light illuminates, and DTC
 P2789 comes active.

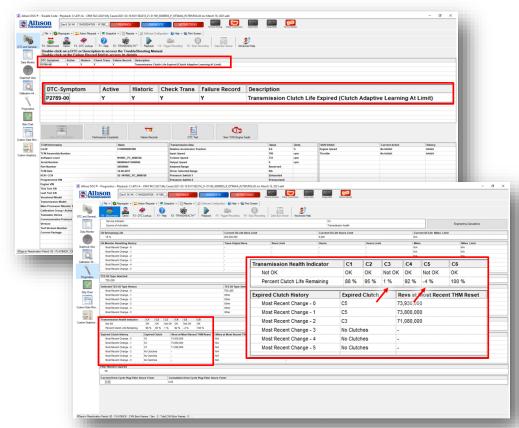
The TM automatically will reset itself if the function detects that the values for remaining clutch life or predicted free running clearance are back within specification.

DTC P2789 goes inactive when "percent clutch life remaining" is predicted to be more than 16%.

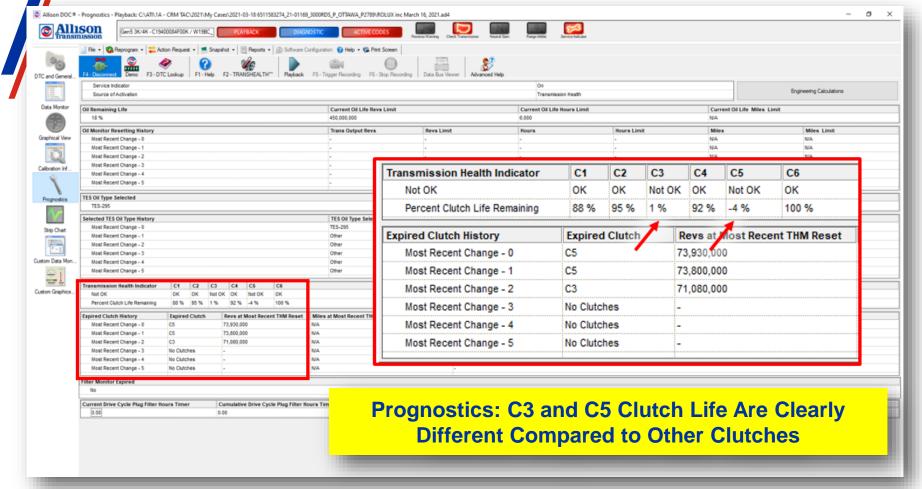


P2789 Transmission Clutch Life Expired (Clutch Adaptive Learning at Limit)

- In high shift density applications, the transmission solenoid valve body can produce a pressure leak through the PCS3 bore, caused by wear to the PCS3 valve bore.
- The very first step for troubleshooting is to check the "remaining clutch life information" in the "Prognostics Information" in Allison DOC.



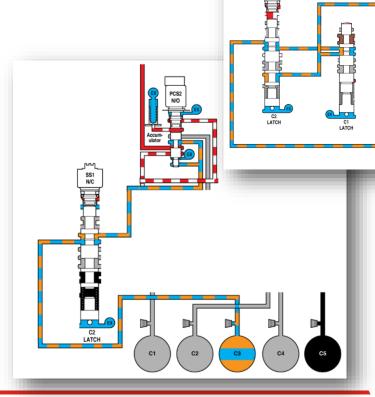






C3 Clutch Control

- C3 clutch is controlled by <u>PCS3</u> in the forward ranges.
- C3 clutch is controlled by PCS2 in Reverse.
 - This enables monitoring
 C3 clutch circuit
 pressure loss when
 being commanded
 by two separate PCS
 trim valves.





Main Pressure & Clutch Pressure Test – C3 Clutch Circuit

	SET			CHECK								
Test	Input Speed	Trans Fluid Temperature	Range	Main Press	ure kPa/(psi)	Clutches Applied	Controlling Solenoid Valve	PCS Solenoid Valve Commanded Pressure From DOC	Applied Clutch Pressure Record Pressure Observed	Subtract Clutch Pressure from Main Pressure	Allowable Clutch Pressure Loss (Main minus Clutch Pressure)	
				Spec	Actual				Actual		Spec	
Prior to Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-620	590.630	At or above	Roverse (a)	Variable Main Pressure - Record		С3	PCS2		See next page		100	
	380-020	93C/200F		Observed Pressure (b)		C5 (c)	PCS3		y See He	(15)		
Prior to Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-620	At or above	e 3C Full Main	1700-2000		C1	PCS1				100		
	380-020	93C/200F	Pressure (d)	(245-290) (d)		СЗ	PCS3	lt is	very impo	rtant to	(15)	
After Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-620	At or above	Reverse (a)	Variable Main Pressure - Record		СЗ	PCSZ	perform the test only afte attaining 93C/200F Trans			100		
	360-020	93C/200F	neverse (a)	Observed Pressure (b)		C5 (c)	PCS3		Fluid Temp		(15)	
After Solenoid Valve Body Replacement	580-620	At or above 93C/200F		1700-2000 (245-290) (d)		C1	PCS1				100	
					С3	PCS3	Not	Notice 06-WT-18 !! too				

a Test without using Allison DOC clutch test - select range using shift selector. To test applied clutch circuit pressure loss, subtract clutch pressure from observed variable main pressure

If C3 Clutch Circuit pressure loss is acceptable in Reverse, but is excessive in Forward Ranges, the Solenoid Valve Body is likely the cause. If the Solenoid Valve Body is replaced, it is important to perform the same test after replacement to verify the pressure loss issue is resolved.

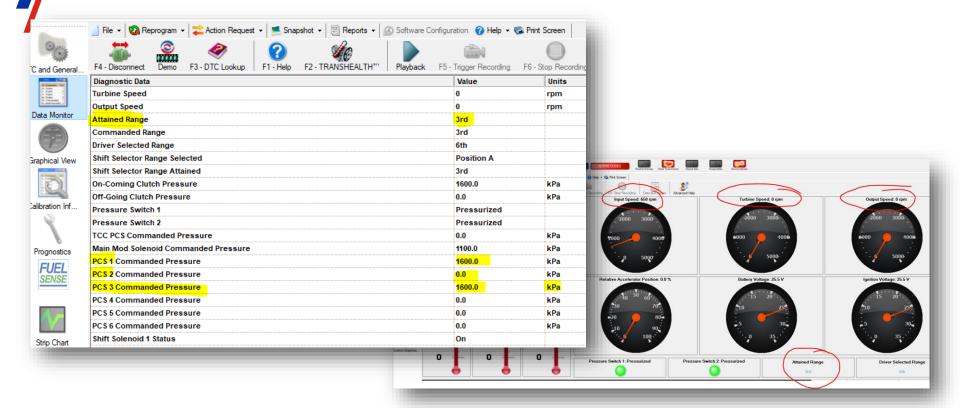


b Main pressure reduction controlled by Main Mod solenoid valve

c For software levels C171 and later, C5 Clutch Pressure Limiting Logic is in effect for Neutral and 1st ranges. C5 pressure is commanded lower than main pressure by the PCS3 solenoid valve. Test C5 clutch circuit pressure loss in Reverse range using the shift selector. Subtract C5 pressure from observed main pressure.

d Test Full Main Pressure and individual applied clutch pressure losses using Allison DOC Clutch Test with Full Main Pressure enabled.

PCS Solenoid Valve Commanded Pressure From DOC





Example for a PCS3 problem

Main Pressure & Clutch Pressure Test - C3 Clutch Circuit

	SET			CHECK								
Test	Input Speed	Trans Fluid Temperature	Range	Main Pres	sure kPa/(psi)	Clutches Applied	Controlling Solenoid Valve	PCS Solenoid Valve Commanded Pressure From DOC	Applied Clutch Pressure Record Pressure Observed	Subtract Clutch Pressure from Main Pressure	Allowable Clutch Pressure Loss (Main minus Clutch Pressure)	
				Spec	Actual				Actual		Spec	
Prior to Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-620	580-620	At or above	ove Reverse (a)	Variable Main Pressure - Record		C3	PCS2	1600 kPa	1800 kPa	1800 -1800 = 0 kPa	100	
	93C/200F	neverse (a)	Observed Pressure (b)	1800kPa	C5 (c)	PCS3	1600 kPa	1800 kPa	1800 -1800 = 0 kPa	(15)		
Prior to Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-620	At or above 93C/200F		1700-2000 (245-290) (d)	1800kPa	C1	PCS1	1600 kPa	1800 kPa	1800 -1800 = 0 kPa	100 (15)		
					C3	PCS3	1600 kPa	1550 kPa	1800 -1500 = 300 kPa			
)		
After Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-62	580-620	At or above	Reverse (a)	Variable Main Pressure - Record		C3	PCS2		\		100 (15)	
	300 020	93C/200F		Observed Pressure (b)		C5 (c)	PCS3					
After Solenoid Valve Body Replacement 580-6	580-620	At or above 93C/200F		1700-2000 (245-290) (d)		C1	PCS1				100	
	360-020					C3	PCS3				(15)	

a Test without using Allison DOC clutch test - select range using shift selector. To test applied clutch circuit pressure loss, subtract clutch pressure from observed variable main pressure



b Main pressure reduction controlled by Main Mod solenoid valve

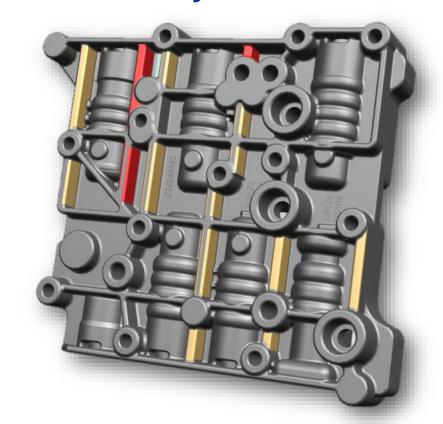
c For software levels C171 and later, C5 Clutch Pressure Limiting Logic is in effect for Neutral and 1st ranges. C5 pressure is commanded lower than main pressure by the PCS3 solenoid valve. Test C5 clutch circuit pressure loss in Reverse range using the shift selector. Subtract C5 pressure from observed main pressure.

d Test Full Main Pressure and individual applied clutch pressure losses using Allison DOC Clutch Test with Full Main Pressure enabled.

Casting Changes on **new valve body** – External Ribs

Improved casting

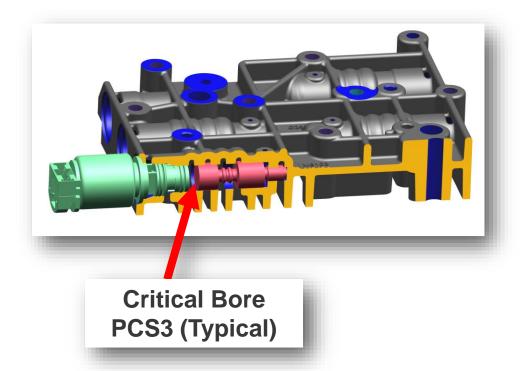
- Increased ribbing from 3,5mm to5,0mm in areas shown
- Improved casting introduced January 2021
- No SIL was published for this!!





Supplier Process Control

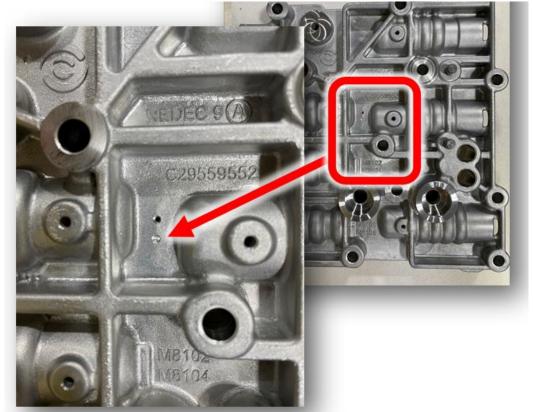
- Improved inspection method at manufacturer plant implemented in October 2020.
- "100% air gauge inspection" of critical diameter in PCS trim valve bores.
 - Bore adjacent to solenoid valve.





Supplier Process Control

- "100% air gauge inspection" of critical diameter in PCS trim bores.
 - Identification
 mark (Drill Point)
 on all "100% air
 gauge inspected
 valve bodies".





TID-B Aluminum Hauptventilblock

(Engl.:Main Valve Body)

Geänderter Schraubenanzug:

M6: 10 – 13 Nm (wie bisher)

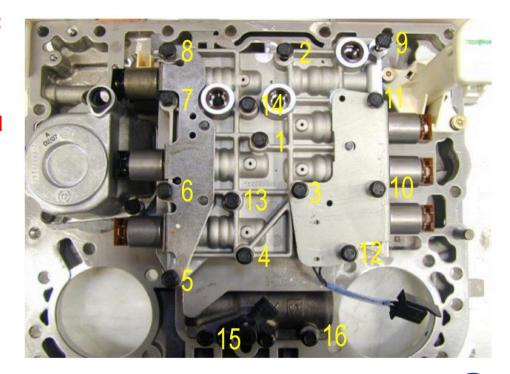
jedoch Anzug in 3 Stufen und Anzugsreihenfolge (Bild):

Stufe 1: Fingerfest.

Stufe 2: 5-7 Nm

Stufe 3: Endanzug 10-13 Nm

SM4013EN, Rev. Feb. 2019 SM4014EN, Rev. April 2019



Allison

Trim Valve Redesign (Balance Grooves)

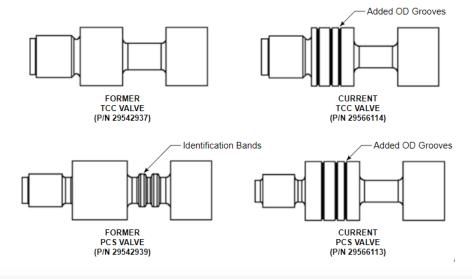
- 3000/4000 trim valves, PCS1-4 and TCC, were redesigned as a continuous product improvement
- Implemented balance grooves to reduce side loading and lengthen life of solenoid valve body
- Changes for both the TCC Valve and PCS Valve are completely forward and backward compatible with existing transmissions
- Reference SIL 06-WT-22

Note: When replacing a solenoid valve body for PCS valve pressure loss, replace all trim valves with updated grooved trim valves



Trim Valve Redesign Part Numbers and Identification

Reference SIL 06-WT-22



Part Name	Usage	Former P/N	Current P/N
TCC Valve	TCC/Lockup – All TIDA & TIDB	29542937	29566114
PCS Valve	PCS 1, 2, 3, 4 – All TIDA & TIDB	29542939	29566113



Performance Monitoring

- When troubleshooting Prognostics related DTCs P088A/B, P2789 in TIDB transmissions:
 - When clutch circuit pressure loss in the TCC/Lockup circuit or in the PCS clutch circuits indicates a problem in the Solenoid Valve Body (SVB), it is important to inspect the suspect SVB for the presence of:
 - 5.0 mm ribs
 - Drill point indicating the part was air gage inspected at the supplier
 - Grooved PCS/TCC valves



Performance Monitoring

- It is important to re-check pressure loss after Solenoid-Valve-Body (SVB) replacement to verify the pressure loss issue has been resolved successfully.
 - Always attain 93C/200F Trans Fluid Temp when testing
 - If pressure loss indicates a problem in the SVB, and if the SVB has 5.0 mm ribs, grooved valves, and the 100% inspection drill point, notify your Training Manager and/or Allison representative.

Reference:

- P088A Transmission Filter Maintenance Alert
- P088B Transmission Filter Maintenance Required
- P2789 Transmission Clutch Life Expired (Clutch Adaptive Learning at Limit)
- SIL 26-WT-23 !!!
- SIL 06-WT-22 !!!

